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## INTRODUCCIÓN

**QUERIDO ESTUDIANTE EN ESTE TEMA VAMOS A VER EL PASADO SIMPLE DE LOS VERBOS EN SU FORMA ESTRUCTURAL TENIENDO EN CUENTA COMO LO VAMOS A PODER UTILIZAR Y CON LA AYUDA DE NUESTROS PADRES Y MAESTROS NUESTRA ACTIVIDAD SERA DIVERTIDA**



¿Qué voy a aprender?

SIMPLE PAST TENSE (Pasado Simple)					
MODO AFIRMATIVO		MODO INTERROGATIVO		MODO NEGATIVO	
<b>I played</b>	Yo jugué	<b>Did I play?</b>	¿Jugué yo?	<b>I did not play</b>	Yo no jugué
<b>You played</b>	Tú jugaste	<b>Did you play?</b>	¿Jugaste tú?	<b>You did not play</b>	Tú no jugaste
<b>He played</b>	Él jugó	<b>Did he play?</b>	¿Jugó él?	<b>He did not play</b>	Él no jugó
<b>She played</b>	Ella jugó	<b>Did she play?</b>	¿Jugó ella?	<b>She did not play</b>	Ella no jugó
<b>It played</b>	Él/Ella jugó	<b>Did it play?</b>	¿Jugó él / ella?	<b>It did not play</b>	Él / Ella no jugó
<b>We played</b>	Nosotros jugamos	<b>Did we play?</b>	¿Jugamos nosotros?	<b>We did not play</b>	Nosotros no jugamos
<b>You played</b>	Ustedes jugaron	<b>Did you play?</b>	¿Jugaron ustedes?	<b>You did not play</b>	Ustedes no jugaron
<b>They played</b>	Ellos jugaron	<b>Did they play?</b>	¿Jugaron ellos?	<b>They did not play</b>	Ellos no jugaron

Como se está hablando de pasado simple, el verbo auxiliar debe ir en pasado, cambiando de *do* o *does*, a *did*.

El auxiliar *did* sufre el cambio de tiempo verbal, indicando que la acción que precede ha ocurrido en algún momento del pasado. Por ende, dicha acción, representada en el verbo principal de la oración, no tiene necesidad de conjugarse en pasado simple.

## Pasado simple en inglés

Esta es, tal vez, la forma más común de hacer uso del tiempo pasado en inglés. Veamos cómo funciona y cómo se debe emplear al momento de querer expresar algo ya sucedió en el pas



**Lo que estoy aprendiendo**

## Conjugación de verbos

Para conjugar una oración en este tiempo verbal, es necesario hacer uso de los verbos regulares e irregulares.

Usualmente reconocemos un verbo en tiempo pasado simple, por llevar la terminación "**-ed**", como por ejemplo:

- *Promise - Promised*
- *Announce - Announced*
- *Crash - Crashed*
- *Punish - Punished*
- *Accept - Accepted*
- *Avoid - Avoided*
- *Sneeze - Sneezed*
- *Cry - Cried*
- *Miss - Missed*

Estos verbos son regulares y poseen ciertas reglas que les permiten conjugarse en este tiempo verbal.

## Verbos irregulares en inglés

Los verbos irregulares son aquellos que no se conjugan en pasado o pasado participio siguiendo alguna regla, por lo cual, la única manera de saber la forma en pasado de este tipo de verbos es conocerlos de memoria.

A continuación verás una lista de algunos de los verbos irregulares más usados.

arise	arose	arisen	<i>surgir</i>
be	was / were	been	<i>ser</i>
beat	beat	beaten	<i>golpear</i>
become	became	become	<i>convertirse</i>
begin	began	begun	<i>comenzar</i>

### SIMPLE PAST- VERB TO DO –QUESTIONS

**The rule to form questions in simple past is:**  
*(La norma para formar preguntas en pasado simple es:)*

**Auxiliary "DID"** (+) **Subject** (+) **Verb in infinitive** (+) **Complement** (+) **?**  
*(Auxiliar "DID") (Sujeto) (Verbo en infinitivo) (Complemento)*

**For example:**  
*(por ejemplo)*

**Did she study yesterday?**  
*(Ella Estudio ayer?)*

← **Question**



<b>Did</b>	<b>she</b>	<b>study</b>	<b>yesterday</b>	<b>?</b>
Auxiliary	Subjeto	Verb in infinitive	Complement	Interrogative

**Yes, She did / No, She didn't**

**Answers**

**Yes, She studied yesterday / No, She did not study yesterday**





**AGREGO EL PASADO SIMPLE A LAS SIGUENTES ORACIONES  
VERBOS REGULARES  
TRADUZCO LA ORACION**

**WORK, LIVE ,LEARN,LIKE,WALK,PAINT,**

- You            very hard last week.
- She            in Japan last year
- They            how to swim two years ago.
- ...
- She            to sit in the sun.
- ...
- He            always to school.
- ...
- I            my house last weekend. ...



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

# GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

## PAST SIMPLE: Irregular



I		
You		
He		
She	<b>ate</b>	dinner.
It		
We		
They		

I			
You			
He			
She	<b>didn't</b>	eat	dinner.
It			
We			
They			

didn't = did not

<b>Did</b>	I you he she it we they	eat	dinner?

	<b>Yes,</b>	<b>No,</b>	
I you he she it we they	<b>did.</b>	I you he she it we they	<b>didn't.</b>

● Fill in the blanks below to complete the sentences. Study the boxes above.

- I (eat) **ate** dinner at six o'clock yesterday.
- A: \_\_\_\_\_ Helen (drive) \_\_\_\_\_ to work? B: Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_.
- My neighbor (buy) \_\_\_\_\_ a new car last week.
- They (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to Italy on their last summer holiday.
- A: \_\_\_\_\_ they (swim) \_\_\_\_\_ at the beach? B: No, they \_\_\_\_\_.
- My family and I (see) \_\_\_\_\_ a comedy movie last night.
- First, we (do) \_\_\_\_\_ exercise, and then we (drink) \_\_\_\_\_ some water.
- Suddenly, the animal jumped and (bite) \_\_\_\_\_ my hand.
- What time (do) \_\_\_\_\_ you (get up) \_\_\_\_\_ this morning?
- The Wright brothers (fly) \_\_\_\_\_ the first airplane in 1903.
- I think I (hear) \_\_\_\_\_ a strange sound outside the door one minute ago.
- When I was ten years old, I (break) \_\_\_\_\_ my arm. It really (hurt) \_\_\_\_\_.
- The police (catch) \_\_\_\_\_ all three of the bank robbers last week.
- How many times (do) \_\_\_\_\_ you (read) \_\_\_\_\_ that book?
- Unfortunately, I (forget) \_\_\_\_\_ to (bring) \_\_\_\_\_ my money.



# PAST SIMPLE


**Use Past Simple to talk about:**

- an action that happened at a definite time in the past

I **was** hungry after school yesterday.  
We **bought** a new computer last week.  
Carol **stayed** in bed last Friday.

**Common time expressions:**

yesterday/the day before yesterday,  
last week/month/year/winter/summer,  
last Friday/Monday,  
three hours/days/weeks/months/years ago,  
in 2010, 1973, 1649



**1** Put the verbs in the past form in the correct column.

REGULAR

IRREGULAR




**2** Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

- When I \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a little girl I \_\_\_\_\_ (not, drink) coffee.
- Mr. Parker \_\_\_\_\_ (come) back home an hour ago.
- Where \_\_\_\_\_ (Greg and Helen, meet) last week?
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (share) a room with my sister when we \_\_\_\_\_ (be) kids.
- Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (fall) off his bike last Saturday.
- Who \_\_\_\_\_ (you, talk) to in the corridor this morning?
- We \_\_\_\_\_ (not, build) our house by ourselves.
- Nick and Terry \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) to Southampton last weekend.
- What \_\_\_\_\_ (your mum, cook) for dinner yesterday?
- My grandparents \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) their honeymoon in Italy.
- Why \_\_\_\_\_ (not, Amy, bring) her project?
- Dave \_\_\_\_\_ (smile) at me.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (dream) about a new MP3 player last night.

**3** Change the sentences into negative or interrogative.

- Sally left the window open last night. (-) \_\_\_\_\_
- I washed up the dishes after dinner. (?) \_\_\_\_\_
- The kids woke up early last Saturday. (?) \_\_\_\_\_
- We flew to Dublin last month. (-) \_\_\_\_\_
- Robert crossed the road in a hurry. (-) \_\_\_\_\_
- Jane and Nan ran after the dog. (?) \_\_\_\_\_





¿Cómo sé que aprendí?

ENCUENTRO LA RESPUESTA CORRECTA PRACTICO Y APRENDO

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

## GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

### 'W/H' QUESTIONS: PAST SIMPLE

Who (... with)* What** Where When How Why	did	I you he she it we they	wash the car?
--	-----	---	---------------



\*Who did he wash his car with? OR Who washed the car?

\*\*What did he wash? OR What did he do?

- Write W/H Questions for the statements below.



- Sam washed the car.  
Why did Sam wash the car?
- They ate dinner.  
Where \_\_\_\_\_
- I saw my friend.  
Who \_\_\_\_\_
- The telephone rang.  
When \_\_\_\_\_
- They came to school by bus.  
How \_\_\_\_\_
- Ms. Brown bought a new coat.  
What \_\_\_\_\_
- The party started at three o'clock.  
When \_\_\_\_\_
- I saw a ghost!  
Where \_\_\_\_\_
- She went home.  
Why \_\_\_\_\_
- He read a magazine.  
What \_\_\_\_\_

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## Práctica

### COMPLETO CON EL PASADO SIMPLE DEL VERBO

### VAMOS A TRADUCIR HACIENDO USO DEL DICCIONARIO

# FAMILY SECRETS



## 1 INSERT THE MISSING FORMS OF THE PAST TENSE

When Thomas \_\_\_\_\_ (to arrive) home, he \_\_\_\_\_ (to find) a message pinned on the kitchen board.

"Sorry darling, we've had an unexpected call from granny and we'll spend the night with her. We know you are a good boy and you'll do your homework and go to bed early. We hope you won't feel too lonely. Your dinner is in the oven. If you want to see the film we were saving for Saturday, you can, of course. The cell phone doesn't work here, so if you need something, go to Mrs Berrin. You know she is very helpful. Kisses mum."

Thomas \_\_\_\_\_ (to be) only 12, but his parents \_\_\_\_\_ (to trust) him and when they \_\_\_\_\_ (to need) to look after old granny they sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ (to make) him spend the night alone. Thomas was first annoyed at having to eat all alone. Then he \_\_\_\_\_ (to feel) sad: his parents \_\_\_\_\_ (not to love) him really, if they \_\_\_\_\_ (to leave) him all alone. After all granny was grown up and she didn't need mummy as much as he did. No, it was not fair.

Then a thought \_\_\_\_\_ (to hit) him. Yes, he would try to open the trunk that mum \_\_\_\_\_ (to keep) in the attic, locked up and covered with a thick cloth. He had often asked her what was in it, but she had never given him a real answer. Maybe he would find something special there. Who knows? So instead of doing his homework, Thomas \_\_\_\_\_ (to take) some tools from the tool box and \_\_\_\_\_ (to go) into the attic. It was getting dark and the light there was extremely low. He \_\_\_\_\_ (to think) it wouldn't take him too long to open the trunk and besides there was still some daylight.

But the lock resisted him. He \_\_\_\_\_ (to insist). The lock would not open. He took the hammer and hit the lock over and over again.


When the bell \_\_\_\_\_ (to ring), Mrs Berrin \_\_\_\_\_ (to open) the door and \_\_\_\_\_ (to find) young Thomas in tears.

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¿Qué aprendí?





APLICO LA FORMA ESTRUCTURAL VISTA DE LOS VERBOS REGULARES E IRREGULARES




## PAST SIMPLE - IRREGULAR VERBS

Fill in the gaps with the right form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Daisy \_\_\_\_\_ (bring) some chocolates to the birthday party.
2. I \_\_\_\_\_ (hear) a new song on the radio.
3. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (read) three books last week.
4. The Smiths \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) Italian to the waitress.
5. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (understand) during the class, but now he doesn't understand.
6. My mother \_\_\_\_\_ (forget) to buy some milk.
7. Susan \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a baby in August.
8. We \_\_\_\_\_ (lose) our keys last Friday.
9. They \_\_\_\_\_ (swim) 500m yesterday afternoon.
10. I \_\_\_\_\_ (give) my mother a CD for her birthday.
11. At the age of 23, she \_\_\_\_\_ (become) a teacher.
12. I \_\_\_\_\_ (know) the answer yesterday.
13. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) me that he lived in New York.
14. We \_\_\_\_\_ (lend) John €200.
15. She \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) too much coffee yesterday.
16. The children \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep) in the car.
17. He \_\_\_\_\_ (keep) his promise.
18. We \_\_\_\_\_ (choose) the steak for dinner.
19. The film \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) late.
20. They \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) to Madrid.
21. We \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) to Edinburgh.
22. Mrs. Black \_\_\_\_\_ (teach) English at the University.
23. They \_\_\_\_\_ (send) me an e-mail earlier.
24. We \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) at 7 a.m..





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# PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

Name \_\_\_\_\_

No \_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Complete with the correct form of the given verb.

1. You \_\_\_\_\_ the plants (water).
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ a twin room in the hotel (book).
3. They \_\_\_\_\_ Mary and Rachel to their party (invite).
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ in Portugal (live).
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ as a teacher (work).
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ to the doctor's advice (listen).
7. You \_\_\_\_\_ him not to go there (advise).
8. They \_\_\_\_\_ at the tourists (shout).
9. I \_\_\_\_\_ late (arrive).
10. Your mother \_\_\_\_\_ your grandmother (call).
11. They \_\_\_\_\_ nice (look).
12. It \_\_\_\_\_ heavily (rain).
13. The boy \_\_\_\_\_ for help (cry).
14. You and I \_\_\_\_\_ new clothes on (try).
15. They \_\_\_\_\_ the house white (paint).
16. He \_\_\_\_\_ her pardon (beg).
17. These leaves \_\_\_\_\_ yellow (turn).
18. You and Jane \_\_\_\_\_ to school (walk).
19. They \_\_\_\_\_ hard (study).
20. You \_\_\_\_\_ chess with your friend (play).
21. My father and my uncle \_\_\_\_\_ the film (enjoy).
22. We \_\_\_\_\_ the seat belts (fasten).



## PRACTICO Y APRENDO

### COMPLETA CON LOS VERBOS EN PASADO SIMPLE Y TRADUCE

ASKED, FELL, HAD, SAID, WENT, WAS, CAME, WAS, SOUNDED, PRAYED, WANTED, COME, ADD, DANCED, ASKED, WAITED, ASKED, TOLD, ASKED, LEFT, HAD, WOKE UP, KNEW, FELL,

### Sarah's love story

One Saturday, Sarah **up** early. She breakfast with her family, she a quick shower, and home to work.

On her way to the office, a handsome man her if she where the closest bank was. She him where it was. The man her if she could go with him to the bank and to have a cup of coffee afterwards. She said yes.

Sarah and the man coffee. After that, they to the cinema and then to a disco. They for 3 hours. Sarah the man's name, she him on Facebook or Whatsapp. At midnight, the man he had to go to the bathroom, but he back.

Sarah in love with the man; she the man to come back. She for him for 5 years, but he back. Sarah lost all hope about love. She to God frequently.

One day, Sarah was waiting in line in the bank when a man up to her and her what time it was. His voice familiar, it the same man; his name Joseph.

They 8 months later and 2 beautiful daughters.



Cada niño/a es especial  
Los niños son como mariposas  
en el viento....

Algunos pueden volar más  
alto que otros, pero cada uno  
vuela de la mejor forma que  
puede...

Por qué entonces compararlos  
unos con otros?

Cada uno es diferente...

Cada uno es especial...

Cada uno es hermoso  
y único!